

CSS GROUPING SELECTOR

- ◆ You can give the same properties to a number of selectors without having to repeat them.
- ◆ We can group selectors using a comma (,) separator. The following declaration block will apply to any element that matches either of the selectors in the group:

Example:

```
h1, h2, p {  
    text-align: center;  
    color: red;  
}
```

Sample Coding:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <style>
      h1, h2, p {
        text-align: center;
        color: red;
      }
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Welcome to Wikitechy!</h1>
    <h2> Find solution for All technology Errors </h2>
    <p> Execute the code in wikitechy.</p>
  </body>
</html>
```



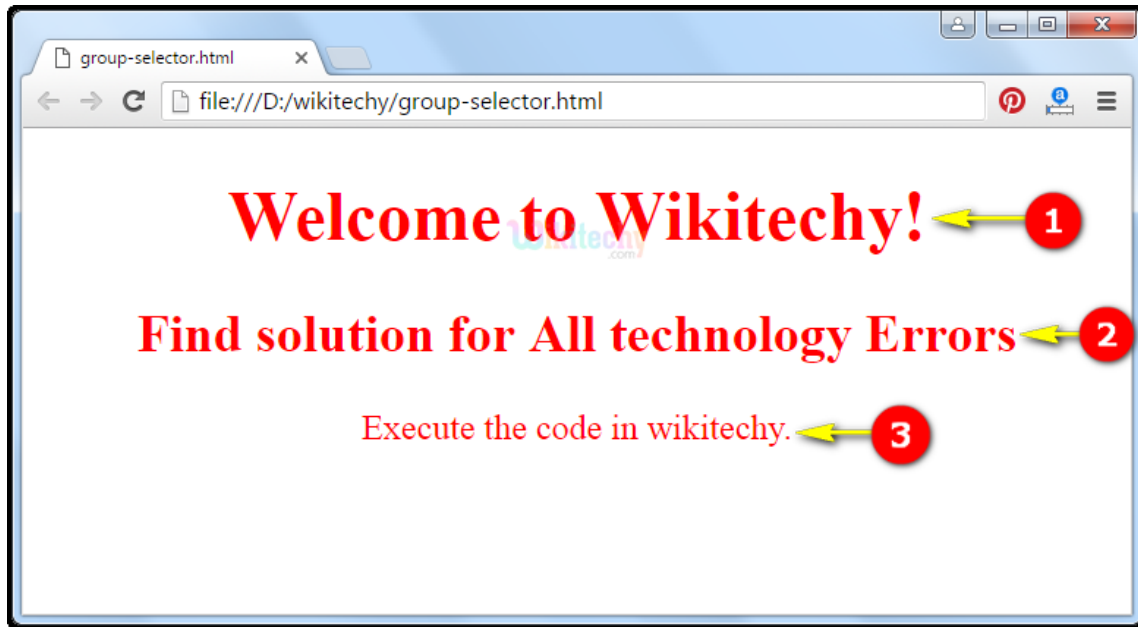
Code Explanation:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <style>
      h1, h2, p ← 1
      {
        2 → text-align: center;
        3 → color: red;
      }
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1> Welcome to wikitechy</h1>
    <h2> Find solutions for All
    technology Errors</h2>
    <p> Execute the code in
    wikitech.</p>
  </body>
</html>
```

- 1 We are grouping **h1, h2 and p** using grouping selector and applying set of style attributes for them.
- 2 Using **text-align property** with value as **center** will display the heading tags (h1 and h2) and paragraph text contents to the center of the web page.

- 3 In CSS, **color property** is used to apply color for the font of the text. Here we have given red color for the h1, h2 and p tag.

Output:



- 1 The text “**Welcome to Wikitechy!**” is aligned center of the web page and appears in red color which is displayed in the browser window.
- 2 Similarly, the h2 heading text “**Find solution for All technology Errors**” is center aligned and displayed in red color.
- 3 The paragraph text “**Execute the code in wikitechy**” appear in red color and center aligned which is displayed in the browser window.